

INTRO TO P25 RADIO



Presented by:

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INTRO TO P25 RADIO

Areas covered:

- Brief History
- Benefits of P25
- Technical Requirements
 - Equipment



P25: HISTORY

- Over 25 year history in public service
- Established in 1989 by APCO, NASTD, NCS, NITA, and NSA
- These organizations created APCO-NASTD-FED Project 25
 - Know as Project 25 or P25 now



P25: BENEFITS

- Multi-Vendor Sourcing
- Migration from Legacy Equipment
- Multiple Frequency Bands
- Conventional & Trunked Operation
- Secure Communication
- Global Standard with Worldwide Adoption
- Coverage Flexibility



P25: BENEFITS

- Voice and Data
- Established
- Public Safety Driven
- Spectral Efficiency
- Evolving
- Enabling Interoperability



P25: WHAT IS IT?

- Common Air Interface (CAI), specifies the type and content of signals transmitted by compliant radios
- Subscriber Data Peripheral Interface
- Fixed Stations Interface
- Console Subsystem Interface
- Network Management Interface
- Data Network Interface

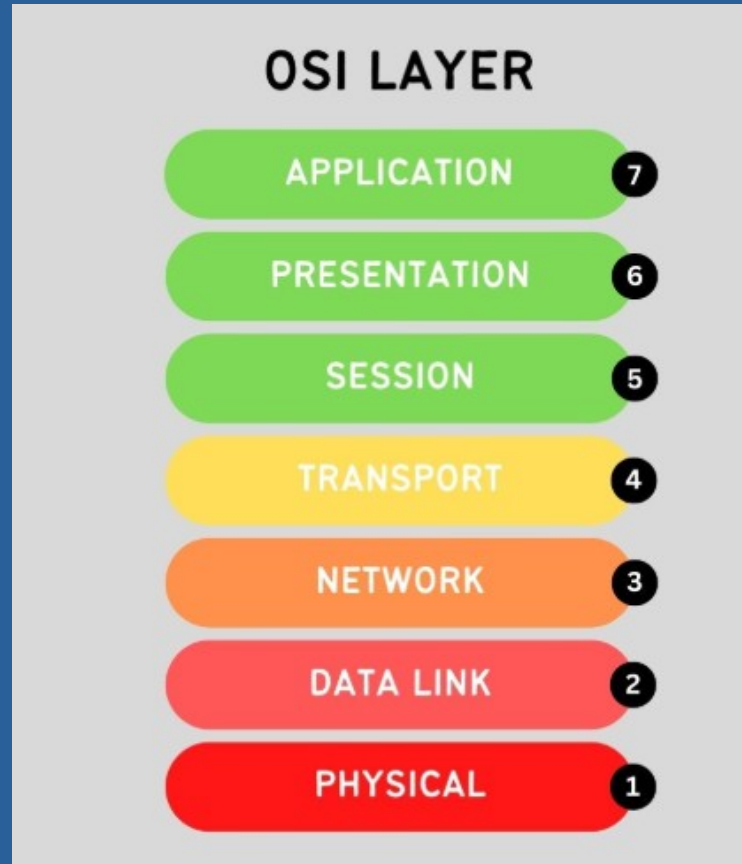


P25: WHAT IS IT?

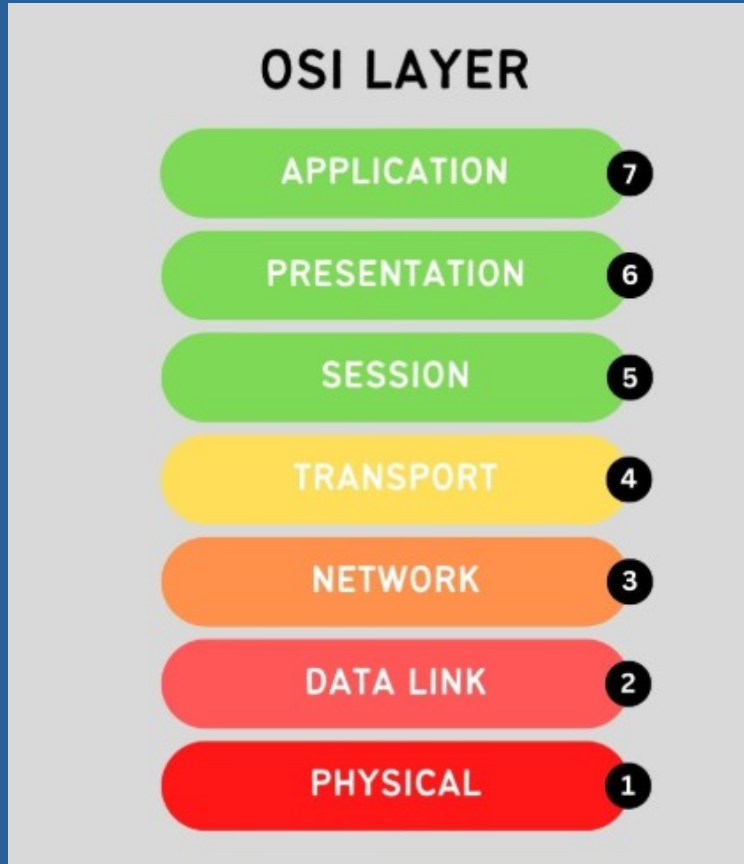
- Telephone Interconnect Interface
- Inter-RF Subsystem Interface



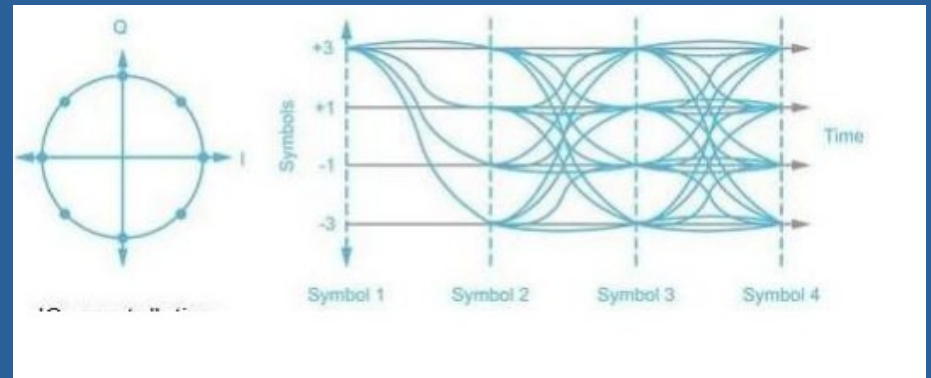
P25: OSI MODEL



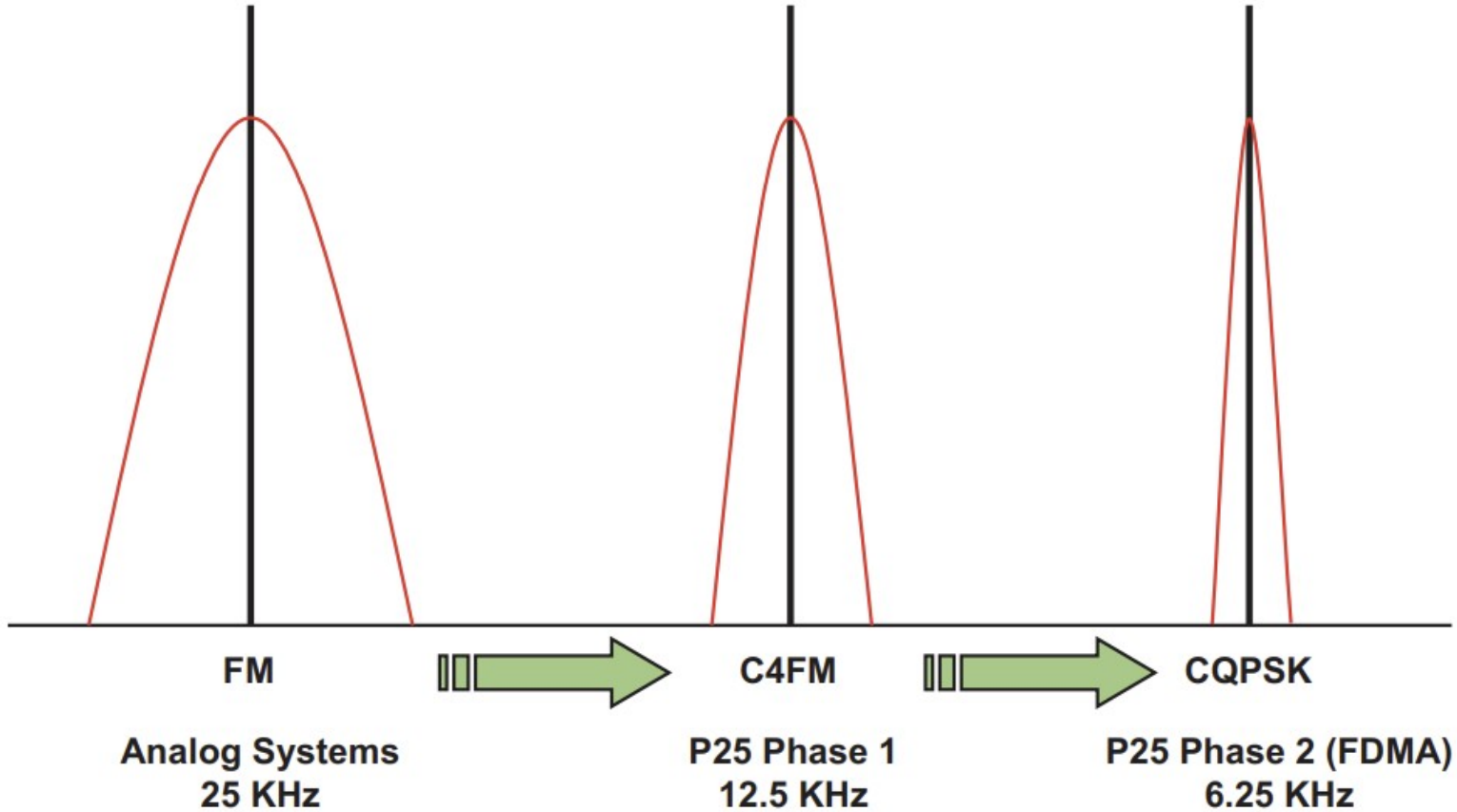
P25: LAYER 1 PHYSICAL



- Phase 1: Modulation is a form of $\pi/4$ differential QPSK • 4800 symbols ('dibits')/sec * 2 bits/symbol = 9600 bits/sec
- C4FM: Continuous 4-level FM Constant Amplitude Carrier



P25: LAYER 1 PHYSICAL



P25: LAYER 1 PHYSICAL

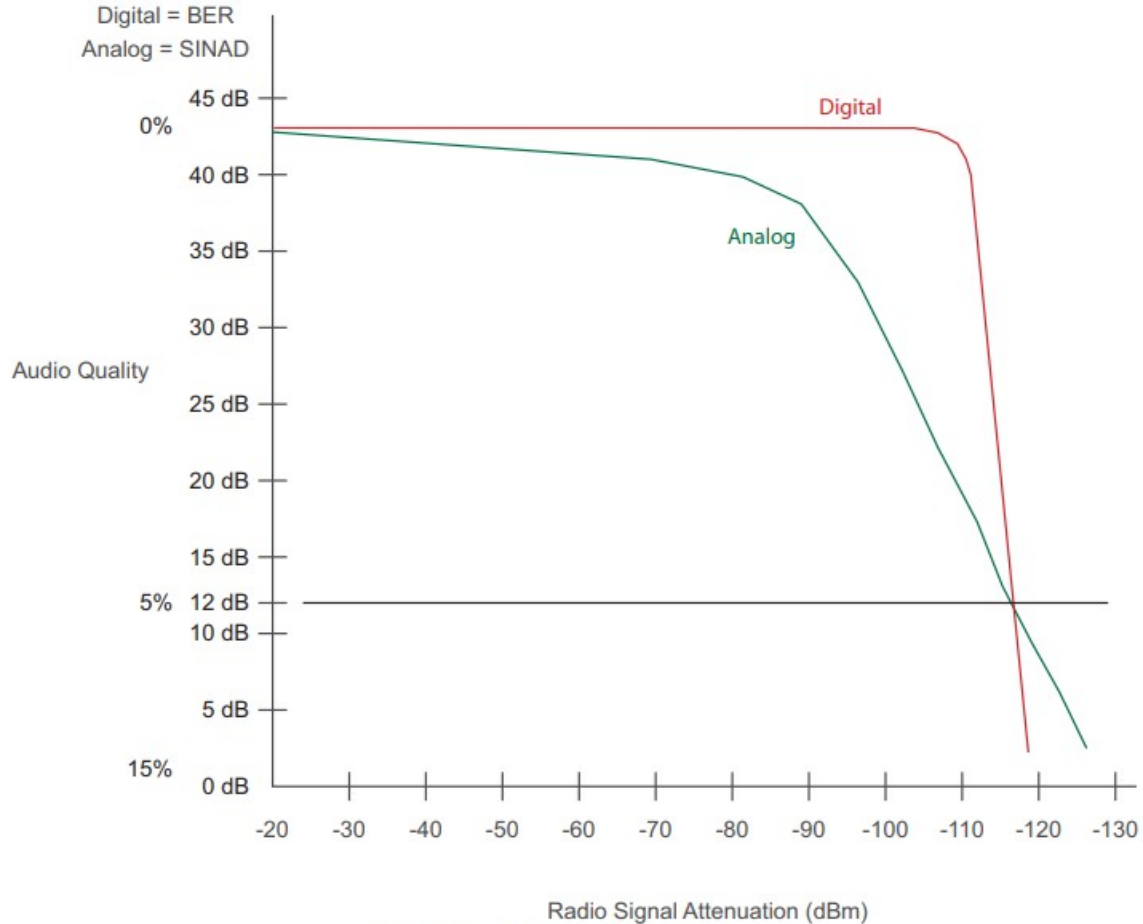


Figure 3-1: Analog vs. Digital Audio Quality



P25: LAYER 1 PHYSICAL

- Phase 2: 2-slot FDMA in 12.5 kHz channel
- Provides two 6.25 kHz-equivalent channels
- 30 ms slots
- H-DQPSK modulation (Harmonized – Differential QPSK) outbound
- Essentially $\pi/4$ DQPSK with different filtering
- H-CPN (Harmonized – Continuous Phase Modulation) inbound



P25: LAYER 1 PHYSICAL

- 24-dibit frame synchronization
- Dibits are interleaved in data blocks to spread burst errors across the block
- Trellis encoding for error correction
 - Rate $\frac{1}{2}$ code: 48 dibits in, 98 dibits out
 - Unconfirmed data blocks, including TSDUs
 - Rate $\frac{3}{4}$ code: 48 tribits in, 98 dibits out
 - Confirmed data blocks

transmitted first transmitted last

\downarrow 0000 0100 1100 1111 0101 1111 \downarrow
 0 4 C F 5 F

where "1" = di-bit (11) and "0" = di-bit (01)

The expanded vector is:

01010101 01110101 11110101 11110111 01110111 11111111
 5 5 7 5 F 5 F F F 7 7 F F

111113113311333313133333

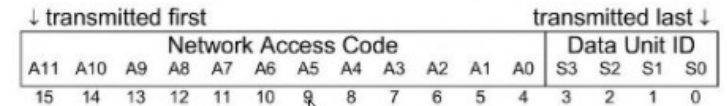
INTERLEAVE TABLE							
Output Index	Input Index	Output Index	Input Index	Output Index	Input Index	Output Index	Input Index
0	0	26	2	50	4	74	6
1	1	27	3	51	5	75	7
2	8	28	10	52	12	76	14
3	9	29	11	53	13	77	15
4	16	30	18	54	20	78	22
5	17	31	19	55	21	79	23
18	72	44	74	68	76	92	78
19	73	45	75	69	77	93	79
20	80	46	82	70	84	94	86
21	81	47	83	71	85	95	87
22	88	48	90	72	92	96	94
23	89	49	91	73	93	97	95
24	96						
25	97						

```

    graph LR
        Input[Input Symbols  
Dibits for Rate 1/2  
Tribits for Rate 3/4] --> CSS[Current State Storage]
        CSS -- state --> FSM[Finite State Machine  
Transition Table]
        FSM --> Output[Constellation Point Output  
Dibit Pair]
        Output --> Input
    
```

P25: LAYER 2 MEDIA ACCESS

- Voice and data messages are sent over the air as data units
- Voice-related data units
 - HDU – Header Data Unit
 - LDU1/LDU2 – Logical Link Data Unit
 - TDU – Terminator Data Unit
 - TDULC – Terminator Data Unit with Link Control



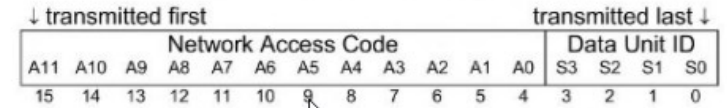
Data Unit ID	P	Data Unit Usage
%0000	0	Header Data Unit
%0011	0	Terminator without subsequent Link Control
%0101	1	Logical Link Data Unit 1
%1010	1	Logical Link Data Unit 2
%1100	0	Packet Data Unit
%1111	0	Terminator with subsequent Link Control

Status Symbol	Meaning	Usage
01	Inbound Channel is Busy	Repeater
00	Unknown, use for talk-around	Subscriber
10	Unknown, use for inbound or outbound	Repeater or subscriber
11	Inbound Channel is Idle	Repeater



P25: LAYER 2 MEDIA ACCESS

- Data-related data units
 - PDU – Packet Data Unit (variable length data unit)
 - TSDU (a.k.a. TSBK) – Trunked Signalling Data Unit (Block)
 - Not part of CAI
 - Heavy use of error correction and detection codes



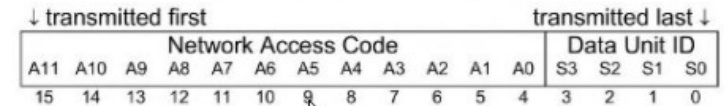
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P25: LAYER 2 MEDIA ACCESS

- Data units begins with frame sync and network identification (NID)
 - NAC: Uniquely describes the system
 - DUID: Indicates the type of data unit to follow
- Status symbols
 - Injected periodically within data units to indicate status of channel
- Data packets include protection flag for encrypted payloads



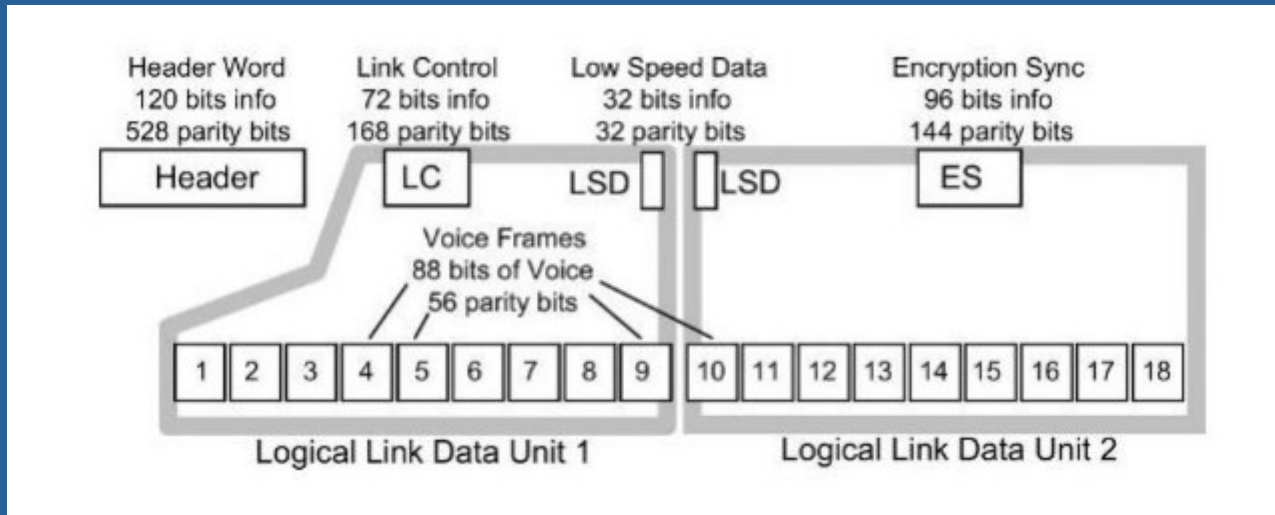
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P25: VOICE TRAFFIC

- Voice traffic encoded as Improved Multi-Band Excitation (IMBE)
- IMBE frames encode 20 ms of speech into 88 bits of information
 - This includes: pitch, voicing, gain for each audio band
 - Continuous average of 4.4 kbps



P25: VOICE TRAFFIC

- IMBE frame contents
 - Quantized pitch (8 bits)
 - Voicing vector information (3-12 bits, one bit per band)
 - Quantized average frame gain level (6 bits)
 - Quantized gain vector and DCT coefficients (remainder)
 - Sync (1 bit)
 - IMBE is a patented VOCODER from Digital Voice Systems, Inc. (DVSI)



P25: EQUIPMENT



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P25: EQUIPMENT

KENWOOD



VHF/UHF/700-800 MHz DIGITAL
TRANSCEIVER

P25 (I&II)/NXDN™ MULTI-DIGITAL & FM ANALOG
PORTABLE RADIOS

NX-5200/5300/5400



P25: EQUIPMENT



IC-F9011T



IC-F9011S



IC-F9011B



P25: EQUIPMENT



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P25: EQUIPMENT



P25: EQUIPMENT



P25: CONCLUSION

- Remember this is a terrific hobby!
- If you need help, please ask! There are plenty of experts willing to help.
- Be thankful for the digital repeaters on the air.
- Repeaters, servers, and networks require maintenance and funding.
- Get involved in your local radio club and help others around you.

<https://www.repeater-builder.com/tech-info/pdfs/p25-training-guide.pdf>



P25: Questions & Comments

